IN THE CLAIMS:

The following Listing of Claims replaces all prior Listings and versions of claims in the above-identified application.

Listing of Claims

- 1. (Original) A method to produce glucosamine or N-acetylglucosamine by fermentation, comprising:
 - a) culturing in a fermentation medium a microorganism which comprises at least one genetic modification that increases the activity of glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase; and
 - b) collecting a product produced from the step of culturing which is selected from the group consisting of glucosamine-6-phosphate, glucosamine, glucosamine-1-phosphate, N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate, and N-acetylglucosamine.
- 2. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the genetic modification to increase the activity of glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase provides a result selected from the group consisting of: increased enzymatic activity of glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase; overexpression of glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase by the microorganism; reduced N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate product inhibition of the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase; and increased affinity of glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase for glucosamine-6-phosphate.
- 3. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism is transformed with at least one recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein the nucleic acid sequence encoding a glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase has at least one genetic modification which increases the enzymatic activity of the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase.
 - 5-6. (Cancelled)
- 7. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase has an amino acid sequence that is at least about 70% identical to an amino acid

sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:30, SEQ ID NO:32 and SEQ ID NO:34, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase has enzymatic activity.

- 8. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase has an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:30, SEQ ID NO:32 and SEQ ID NO:34.
- 9. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein expression of the recombinant nucleic acid molecule is inducible.
- 10. (Original) The method of Claim 9, wherein expression of the recombinant nucleic acid molecule is inducible by lactose.
- 11. (Original) The method of Claim 10, wherein the microorganism further comprises a genetic modification to reduce inhibition of transcription induction by lactose.
- 12. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the genetic modification comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of a gene encoding a LacI repressor protein.
- 13. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism further comprises at least one genetic modification that increases the activity of glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase.
- 14. (Original) The method of Claim 13, wherein the microorganism is transformed with at least one recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase.

15-16. (Cancelled)

- 17. (Original) The method of Claim 14, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least about 70% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18, and SEQ ID NO:20, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase has enzymatic activity.
- 18. (Original) The method of Claim 14, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18, and SEQ ID NO:20.

- 19. (Original) The method of Claim 14, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase has a modification to reduce product inhibition of the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase as compared to the wild-type glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase.
- 20. (Original) The method of Claim 19, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, and SEQ ID NO:14.
- 21. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism further comprises at least one genetic modification that decreases the activity of glucosamine-6-phosphate deaminase.
- 22. (Original) The method of Claim 21, wherein the genetic modification to decrease the activity of glucosamine-6-phosphate deaminase comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of an endogenous gene encoding the glucosamine-6-phosphate deaminase in the microorganism.
- 23. (Original) The method of Claim 13, wherein the microorganism further comprises at least one genetic modification that decreases the activity of glucosamine-6-phosphate deaminase.
- 24. (Original) The method of Claim 23, wherein the genetic modification to decrease the activity of glucosamine-6-phosphate deaminase comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of an endogenous gene encoding the glucosamine-6-phosphate deaminase in the microorganism.
- 25. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing includes the step of maintaining the carbon source at a concentration of from about 0.5% to about 5% in the fermentation medium.
- 26. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing is performed in a fermentation medium comprising yeast extract.
- 27. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing is performed in a fermentation medium comprising a carbon source selected from the group consisting of glucose, fructose, a pentose sugar, lactose and gluconic acid.
- 28. (Original) The method of Claim 27, wherein the pentose sugar is selected from the group consisting of ribose, xylose, and arabinose.

- 29. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing is performed in a fermentation medium comprising glucose and ribose.
- 30. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing is performed in a fermentation medium comprising glucose and gluconic acid.
- 31. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing is performed at a temperature of from about 25°C to about 45°C.
- 32. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing is performed at about 37°C.
- 33. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing is performed at a pH of from about pH 4 to about pH 7.5.
- 34. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing is performed at a pH of from about pH 6.7 to about pH 7.5.
- 35. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of culturing is performed at a pH of from about pH 4.5 to about pH 5.
- 36. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism is selected from the group consisting of bacteria and fungi.
- 37. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism is selected from the group consisting of bacteria and yeast.
- 38. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism is a bacterium from a genus selected from the group consisting of: *Escherichia, Bacillus, Lactobacillus, Pseudomonas* and *Streptomyces*.
- 39. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism is a bacterium from a species selected from the group consisting *Escherichia coli*, *Bacillus subtilis*, *Bacillus licheniformis*, *Lactobacillus brevis*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and *Streptomyces lividans*.
- 40. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein microorganism is a yeast from a genus selected from the group consisting of: *Saccharomyces*, *Candida*, *Hansenula*, *Pichia*, *Kluveromyces*, and *Phaffia*.

- 41. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein microorganism is a yeast from a species selected from the group consisting of: Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Schizosaccharomyces pombe, Candida albicans, Hansenula polymorpha, Pichia pastoris, P. canadensis, Kluyveromyces marxianus and Phaffia rhodozyma.
- 42. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism is a fungus from a genus selected from the group consisting of: Aspergillus, Absidia, Rhizopus, Chrysosporium, Neurospora and Trichoderma.
- 43. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism is a fungus from a species selected from the group consisting of: Aspergillus niger, A. nidulans, Absidia coerulea, Rhizopus oryzae, Chrysosporium lucknowense, Neurospora crassa, N. intermedia and Trichoderm reesei.
- 44. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism further comprises a genetic modification to increase phosphoglucoisomerase activity in the microorganism.
- 45. (Original) The method of Claim 44, wherein the microorganism is transformed with a recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the phosphoglucoisomerase.
- 46. (Original) The method of Claim 44, wherein the phosphoglucoisomerase comprises an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:105.
- 47. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism further comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of phosphofructokinase in the microorganism.
- 48. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism further comprises a genetic modification to increase the activity of glutamine synthetase.
- 49. (Original) The method of Claim 48, wherein the microorganism has been transformed with a recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the glutamine synthetase.
- 50. (Original) The method of Claim 48, wherein the glutamine synthetase comprises an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:89.

- 51. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism further comprises a genetic modification to increase the activity of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase.
- 52. (Original) The method of Claim 51, wherein the microorganism has been transformed with a recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase.
- 53. (Original) The method of Claim 51, wherein the glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase comprises an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:95.
- 54. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the microorganism further comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of genes encoding enzymes responsible for glycogen synthesis in the microorganism.
- 55. (Original) The method of Claim 54, wherein the genes encoding enzymes responsible for glycogen synthesis comprise ADP-glucose pyrophosphorylase, glycogen synthase and a branching enzyme.
- 56. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the genetic modifications do not inhibit the ability of the microorganism to metabolize galactose.
- 57. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the step of collecting comprises recovering an intracellular product from the microorganism selected from the group consisting of: intracellular glucosamine-6-phosphate, glucosamine-1-phosphate, N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate, N-acetylglucosamine and glucosamine or recovering an extracellular product from the fermentation medium selected from the group consisting of: glucosamine and N-acetylglucosamine.
- 58. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising a step selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) purifying a product selected from the group consisting of glucosamine and N-acetylglucosamine from the fermentation medium;
 - b) recovering a product selected from the group consisting of glucosamine-6-phosphate, glucosamine-1-phosphate, N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate and N-acetylglucosamine-1-phosphate from the microorganism;

- c) dephosphorylating a product selected from the group consisting of glucosamine-6-phosphate and glucosamine-1-phosphate to produce glucosamine; and
- d) dephosphorylating a product selected from the group consisting of N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate and N-acetylglucosamine-1-phosphate to produce N-acetylglucosamine
- e) treating a product selected from the group consisting of N-acetylglucosamine, N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate and N-acetylglucosamine-1-phosphate to produce a glucosamine product selected from the group consisting of: glucosamine, glucosamine-6-phosphate and glucosamine-1-phosphate.
- 59. (Original) The method of Claim 54, wherein step (e) comprises hydrolyzing the product selected from the group consisting of N-acetylglucosamine, N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate and N-acetylglucosamine-1-phosphate, under acid and heat conditions or by enzymatic deacetylation.
- 60. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein N-acetylglucosamine produced by the fermentation method is recovered by precipitating N-acetylglucosamine-containing solids from the fermentation broth.
- 61. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein N-acetylglucosamine produced by the fermentation method is recovered by crystallizing N-acetylglucosamine-containing solids from the fermentation broth.

62-206. (Cancelled)

- 207. (Original) A method to produce glucosamine by fermentation, comprising:
- a) culturing in a fermentation medium a microorganism which has been transformed with a recombinant nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase, wherein expression of the recombinant nucleic acid molecule is controlled by a lactose induction, and wherein the step of culturing comprises:

- i) growing the microorganism in the fermentation medium comprising glucose as a carbon source at a pH of from about pH 4.5 to about pH 7 and at a temperature of from about 25°C to about 37°C;
- ii) inducing transcription of the nucleic acid sequence by addition of lactose to the fermentation medium in the absence of adding additional glucose to the medium;
- iii) fermenting the microorganism after step (ii) in the presence of glucose at a pH of from about 4.5 to about 6.7 and at a temperature of from about 25°C to about 37°C; and
- b) collecting a product produced from the step of culturing which is selected from the group consisting of glucosamine-6-phosphate and glucosamine.
- 208. (Original) The method of Claim 207, wherein a source of trace elements is added to step (iii) of fermenting.
 - 209. (Original) The method of Claim 208, wherein the trace elements include iron.
- 210. (Original) The method of Claim 207, wherein step (ii) comprises growing the microorganism in the fermentation medium comprising glucose as a carbon source at a pH of about pH 6.9.
- 211. (Original) The method of Claim 207, wherein step (iii) comprises fermenting the microorganism after step (ii) in the presence of glucose at a pH of from about 4.5 to about 5.
- 212. (Original) The method of Claim 207, wherein step (iii) comprises fermenting the microorganism after step (ii) in the presence of glucose at a pH of about 6.7.
- 213. (New) The method of Claim 3, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase has an amino acid sequence that is at least about 90% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:30, SEQ ID NO:32 and SEQ ID NO:34, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase has enzymatic activity.
- 214. (New) The method of Claim 3, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase has an amino acid sequence that is at least about 95% identical to an amino acid

sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:30, SEQ ID NO:32 and SEQ ID NO:34, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase has enzymatic activity.

- 215. (New) The method of Claim 14, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least about 90% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18, and SEQ ID NO:20, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase has enzymatic activity.
- 216. (New) The method of Claim 14, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least about 95% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, SEQ ID NO:14, SEQ ID NO:16, SEQ ID NO:18, and SEQ ID NO:20, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase has enzymatic activity.
- 217. (New) The method of Claim 14, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least about 95% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:12, and SEQ ID NO:14, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase has enzymatic activity.
- 218. (New) A method to produce glucosamine or N-acetylglucosamine by fermentation, comprising:
 - a) culturing in a fermentation medium a microorganism that expresses:
 - i) a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase; and
 - ii) a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase has a modification to reduce product inhibition of the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase as compared to the wild-type glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase;

wherein the microorganism comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of phosphofructokinase; and

- b) collecting a product produced from the step of culturing which is selected from the group consisting of glucosamine-6-phosphate, glucosamine, glucosamine-1-phosphate, N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate, and N-acetylglucosamine.
- 219. (New) A method to produce glucosamine or N-acetylglucosamine by fermentation, comprising:
 - a) culturing in a fermentation medium a microorganism that expresses:
 - i) a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase that has an amino acid sequence that is at least about 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:30 and has glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase enzymatic activity; and
 - ii) a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase that has an amino acid sequence that is at least about 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:6 and has glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase enzymatic activity;

wherein the microorganism comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of phosphofructokinase; and

- b) collecting a product produced from the step of culturing which is selected from the group consisting of glucosamine-6-phosphate, glucosamine, glucosamine-1-phosphate, N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate, and N-acetylglucosamine.
- 220. (New) The method of Claim 219, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase has an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:30.
- 221. (New) The method of Claim 219, wherein the glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase has an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.
- 222. (New) A method to produce glucosamine or N-acetylglucosamine by fermentation, comprising:
 - a) culturing in a fermentation medium an *E. coli* that expresses:

- i) a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a glucosamine-6-phosphate acetyltransferase that has an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:30; and
- ii) a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a glucosamine-6-phosphate synthase that has an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6;

wherein the $E.\ coli$ comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of pfkA; and

- b) collecting a product produced from the step of culturing which is selected from the group consisting of glucosamine-6-phosphate, glucosamine, glucosamine-1-phosphate, N-acetylglucosamine-6-phosphate, and N-acetylglucosamine.
- 223. (New) The method of Claim 219, wherein the *E. coli* further comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of *nagA*, *nagB*, and *nagE*.
- 224. (New) The method of Claim 219, wherein the *E. coli* further comprises a partial or complete deletion or inactivation of *manXYZ*.
- 225. (New) The method of Claim 219, wherein the recombinant nucleic acid molecules of (a)(i) and (a)(ii) are inducible by lactose or galactose.
- 226. (New) The method of Claim 219, wherein the step of culturing is performed in a fermentation medium comprising glucose and fructose.